

GRINDROD LIMITED

UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS AND DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

for the six months ended 30 June 2017



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HIGHLIGHTS
STRATEGIC,BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT,
AND FINANCIAL



MIKE HANKINSON



Click here to view video showing highlights and operational enhancements for the first half of 2017



HIGHLIGHTS STRATEGIC

- Over a century of entrepreneurial growth
- Developed into three distinct businesses
- Current detailed strategic review in process
- · Clear rationale for unbundling Shipping from Grindrod
- · Process, supported by professional advisors, is significantly progressed
- Further communication and engagement with shareholders will take place
- Freight Services restructure work is nearing completion and gaining traction
- Financial Services continues its steady growth





HIGHLIGHTS BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

- China's economic growth is projected at 6.6% for 2017
- US and Eurozone economic growth is projected to be moderate at 2.1% and 1.9% respectively in 2017
- South African economic growth is projected to be poor at 0.7% for 2017
- Commodity demand appears sustained and world seaborne trade continues to expand





HIGHLIGHTS FINANCIAL

- Revenue R13 404.3 million inclusive of joint ventures (H1 2016: R11 071.2 million)
- EBITDA R640.4 million inclusive of joint ventures and excluding rail assembly businesses (H1 2016: R246.4 million)
- Headline earnings excluding rail assembly businesses R126.2 million (H1 2016 headline loss: R367.0 million)
- Headline earnings per share excluding rail assembly businesses 16.8 cents (H1 2016 headline loss: 48.9 cents)
- Rail assembly headline loss of R255 million (H1 2016: R14 million)
- Headline loss per share 17.2 cents (H1 2016: 50.8 cents)
- Loss per share 11.5 cents (H1 2016: 149.2 cents)
- Net asset value per share 1 909 cents (H1 2016: 2 228 cents)
- Low gearing of 5% (H1 2016: 4%)





INTERIM RESULTS 2017



ANDREW WALLER



INTERIM RESULTS 2017 MANAGEMENT INCOME STATEMENT – H1 2017

R million		Excluding rail assembly			Comments
	H1 2017	H1 2016	H1 2017	H1 2016	
Revenue	13 404	11 071	13 118	10 361	Increase in dry-bulk rates and crude oil price
Trading profit	434	299	641	246	Improvement in dry-bulk rates, freight volumes and foreign exchange
Depreciation/amortisation	(360)	(464)	(348)	(429)	Prior year asset impairments and foreign exchange
Non-trading items	46	(760)	114	(126)	Prior year impairments in rail businesses and ship held for sale
Net interest paid	(61)	(59)	(38)	(34)	Marginal movement in debt and cash from operations
Share of profit/(loss) from Associates	21	(7)	23	(7)	Improved Agri results following the drought in prior year
Taxation	(128)	(80)	(117)	(83)	Improved results not sheltered by losses in Shipping and rail assembly businesses
Non-controlling shareholders' interest	(5)	(15)	(4)	(13)	
Preference dividends	(34)	(34)	(34)	(34)	
(Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(87)	(1 120)	237	(480)	
Average rate of exchange (ZAR/US\$)	13.32	15.38			

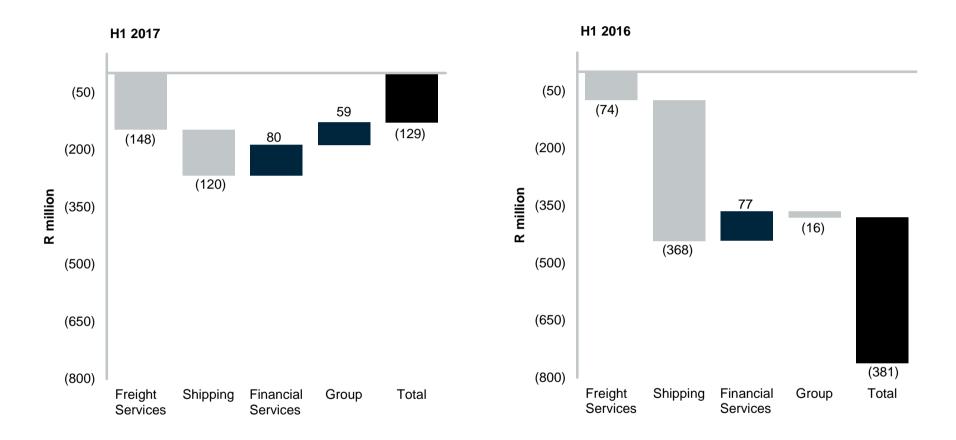


INTERIM RESULTS 2017 HEADLINE EARNINGS – H1 2017

R million	H1 2017	H1 2016	Comments
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders	(87)	(1 120)	
Adjusted for:	(42)	739	
Rail concession buy-up	(140)	_	Accounting impact of buy-up in rail concession
Impairments and disposals	62	739	Loss on disposal in rail construction business and impairment of signalling business
Headline loss	(129)	(381)	



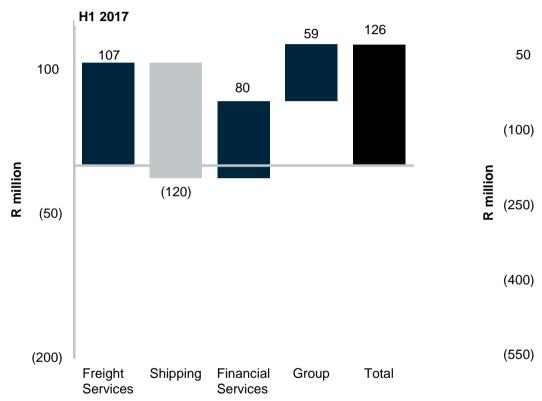
INTERIM RESULTS 2017 HEADLINE LOSS BY DIVISION

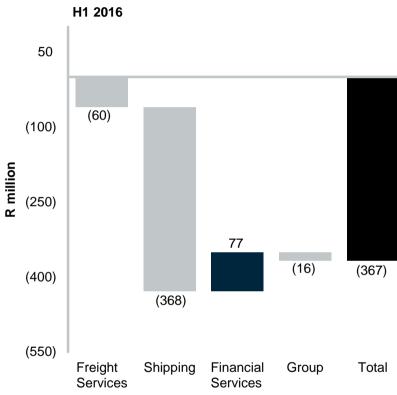




INTERIM RESULTS 2017

HEADLINE EARNINGS BY DIVISION EXCLUDING RAIL ASSEMBLY BUSINESS HELD FOR SALE





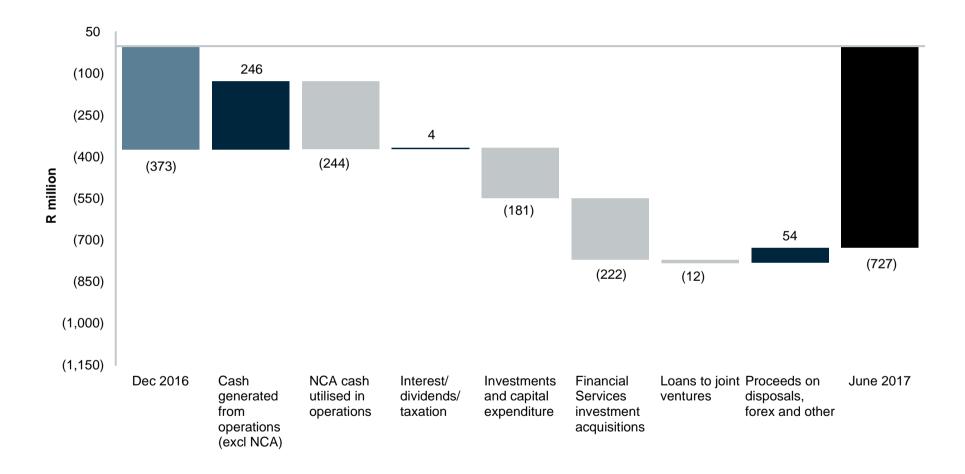


INTERIM RESULTS 2017 MANAGEMENT BALANCE SHEET

R million	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016	Comments
Property, plant and equipment	9 146	9 533	
Freight Services	2 735	2 709	Berth deepening offset by depreciation
Shipping	6 157	6 557	Lower exchange rate and depreciation
Financial Services	188	203	Sale of property
Group	66	64	
Intangible assets	1 537	1 560	
Investments in associates	1 391	1 483	Impact of buy-up in rail concession operations
Bank investments and advances	8 492	7 742	Increased investments
Non-current assets held for sale	1 215	1 617	Impairment and disposal of rail construction
Current assets	15 165	17 125	Decrease in cash due to SASSA cut-off
Total assets	36 946	39 060	
Shareholders' equity	15 101	15 816	Losses and foreign exchange translation
Interest-bearing borrowings	5 667	5 060	Tanker and bank financing
Deposits from bank customers	11 240	13 610	Growth in core deposits offset by SASSA cut-off
Non-current liabilities held for sale	763	1 285	Rail creditor repayments
Other liabilities	4 175	3 289	
Total equity and liabilities	36 946	39 060	
Closing rate of exchange (ZAR/US\$)	13.06	13.69	
Gearing	5%	4%	



INTERIM RESULTS 2017 **NET DEBT ANALYSIS**





OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW **SHIPPING**



MARTYN WADE



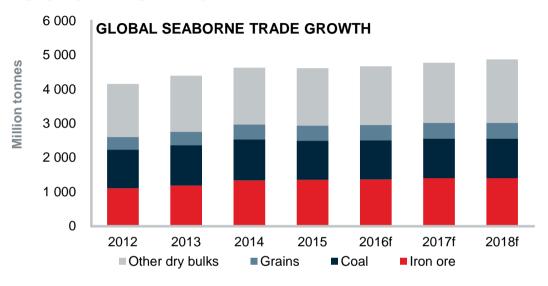
SHIPPING STRATEGY

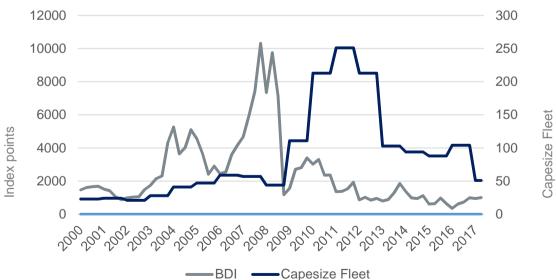
- Unbundle from the Freight and Financial Services businesses and list on a recognised exchange
- Retain the sector and size focus in which IVS and Unicorn have expertise
- Facilitate consolidation within these sectors
- Consider equity raise for increased fleet and balance sheet purposes at the appropriate time
- Further expand fleet under commercial management





SHIPPING HISTORICAL INFORMATION







SHIPPING

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Rates in the dry-bulk sector remain much improved, above opex breakeven, but still below profitable levels
- Rates in the tanker sector remained weak
- As the dry-bulk sector improved, the Ship-operating businesses lost margin
- Fleet movements as follows:
 - One supramax next-generation eco fuel-efficient bulk carrier delivered in January 2017
 - One 15-year-old handysize bulk carrier marked for sale in H2 2017
 - Chartered MR tanker redelivered in January 2017
 - Chartered small tanker redelivered in July 2017
 - One 13-year-old tanker sold in H2 2017





SHIPPING OUTLOOK

- Dry-bulk fleet continues to move toward a balanced position leading to improvement in rates
- Tankers remain under pressure following the high first half 2017 deliveries
- Ship-operating result expected to remain at profitable levels despite margin pressure





OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW FREIGHT SERVICES



BONGIWE NTULI



FREIGHT SERVICES – PORT AND TERMINALS OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Maputo Port and terminals:
 - Maputo Port channel dredge from 11 metres depth to 14.2 metres sailing draft
 - Matola Terminal berth deepening and quay offset complete, record 91 000 tonnes loaded in August
 - Improved capacity utilisation at Matola Terminal in H1 2017 with throughput of 2.7 million tonnes (73% capacity utilisation), a 143% increase (H1 2016: 1.1 million tonnes 30% capacity utilisation)





FREIGHT SERVICES – PORT AND TERMINALS OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Richards Bay terminals:
 - Coal contracted capacity to 2.9 million tonnes (47% increase on 2016)
 - Working with Transnet to optimise the rail resources and berth capacity
- Liquid terminals:
 - Durban tank conversion complete for the storage of low-hazard chemicals
 - Cape Town additional vegetable oil tank construction underway
 - Coega liquid tank facility relocation challenges with NERSA re-evaluating the tariffing structure





FREIGHT SERVICES – LOGISTICS OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Nacala intermodal facility under Grindrod management. Additional throughput as the Syrah graphite logistics commences
- Ships Agency and Clearing and Forwarding businesses held up well despite the lower volumes
- Carrier Logistics and Intermodal businesses impacted by the South African economy
- Agri-business much improved on a good maize crop





FREIGHT SERVICES - RAIL OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Rail operations:
 - Increased volumes on the north-south corridor
 - Increased ownership of the rail operating concession
- Rail assembly assets held for sale:
 - Disposal of locomotive assembly business has been difficult with the lack of orders in the market
 - Disposal of the rail track construction business complete
 - Further impairment and losses resulted in a headline loss of R255 million





FREIGHT SERVICES STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

STRATEGY

- Ports increase volume in line with capacity
- Maputo terminals capitalise on the increased depths of the channel and berth
- Richards Bay terminals expansion to 4.5mtpa when berth and rail resource capacity is secured
- Continue with Road to Rail strategy for North South Corridor, working with other rail resources partners
- Further develop further presence in Nacala

OUTLOOK

- Maputo port volumes are firm following the investments and sustained commodity markets
- Terminal volume improvement across most commodities
- Integrated Logistics businesses positioned to grow
- · Agri sector is much improved
- Volume improvements on North South Corridor



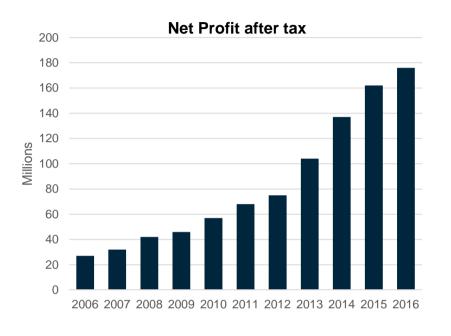
OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW FINANCIAL SERVICES

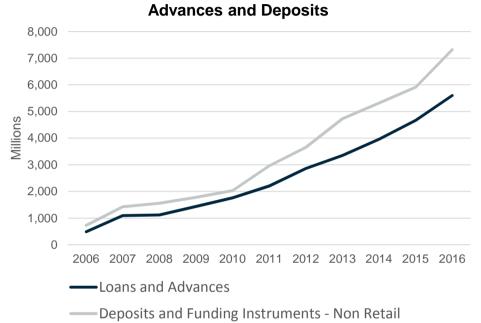


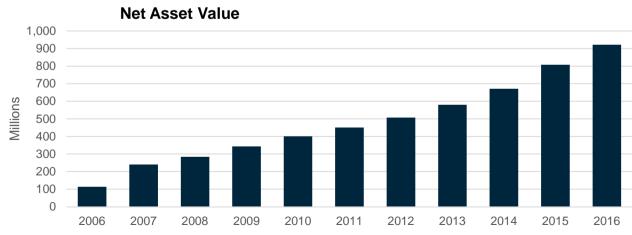
DAVID POLKINGHORNE



FINANCIAL SERVICES HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE









FINANCIAL SERVICES OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Above-target earnings in the Bank
- · Private equity investment continues to increase
- Retail SASSA
 - Grant payments continue to be efficiently managed
- Core deposits grew 7.6% (R7.47 billion from December 2016: R6.94 billion)
- Advances grew 7.8% (R6.31 billion from December 2016: R5.85 billion)





FINANCIAL SERVICES STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

STRATEGY

- · Drive focused business growth
- · Pursue growth in assets under management indirectly through CoreShares and Bridge Fund Managers
- Secure appropriate investment banking opportunities
- · Focus on well-secured loans with low risk of default
- Expand Retail offering
- Expand the UK Property portfolio
- Work with all parties to abide by the court ruling on the SASSA contract
- Actively pursue a meaningful BEE transaction

OUTLOOK

- · Steady organic growth expected
- Volatile stock market could impact asset management returns
- · Cost of funding impacted by country sovereign rating
- The SA economic uncertainty on customers is expected to impact values, margins and recoveries across the businesses





GROUP STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK



MIKE HANKINSON



GROUP STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

STRATEGY

- Enable a more accurate valuation of the group through the unbundling and listing of Shipping on an appropriate exchange
- To grow the Freight and Financial services businesses organically and by acquisition

OUTLOOK

- More accurate valuation by the market of the businesses
- Demand for commodities globally is a key driver of both the Freight and Shipping businesses
- Improving dry-bulk shipping rates will have a material impact on the Shipping business's profitability
- Well positioned to take advantage of an improvement in the domestic and global economy





ANNEXURES



ANNEXURES
TERMINAL CAPACITY – UTILISATION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

Terminals	H1 2017	H1 2016	Change %	Total 2016	Total 2015	Annual capacity 2017
Dry bulk (tonnes)	5 002 074	3 091 470	62	8 346 607	7 349 946	17 200 000
Matola Coal Terminal ¹	2 654 584	1 091 143	143	3 785 918	3 517 263	9 000 000
Richards Bay ¹	1 921 044	1 773 349	8	3 929 613	2 626 135	6 100 000
Walvis Bay (Namibia)	128 328	133 071	(4)	299 749	335 688	550 000
Maputo Terminal ^{1, 3}	298 118	93 907	217	331 327	870 860	1 550 000
Port of Maputo ²	8 428 000	5 926 000	42	14 918 487	15 606 623	N/A
Maputo car terminal (number of vehicles)	6 649	8 879	(25)	15 164	33 436	120 000

¹ Physical tonnage, excluding take or pay volumes

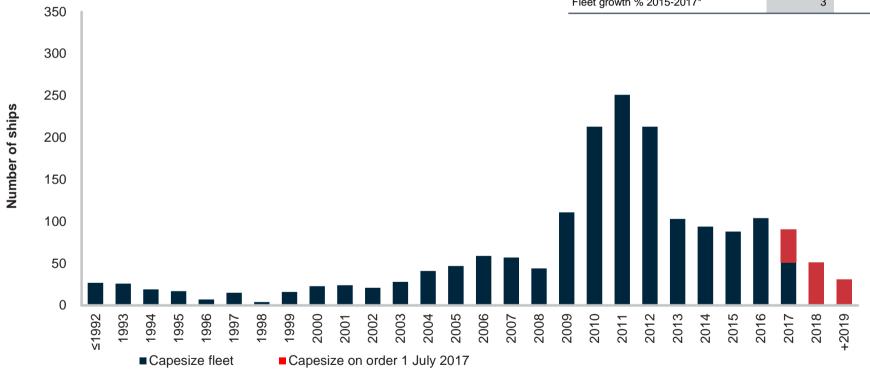


² Includes volumes of Matola Coal Terminal and Maputo Terminal

³ Annual capacity is scalable to four million tonnes

CAPESIZE BULK CARRIERS (100 000+ dwt tonnes)

	No of ships	Mdwt
Fleet (1 Jul 2017)	1 683	321.6
Total order book (1 Jul 2017)	122	31.6
Order book % of fleet	7	10
% of fleet over 25 years	1	1
Fleet growth % 2015-2017*	3	4

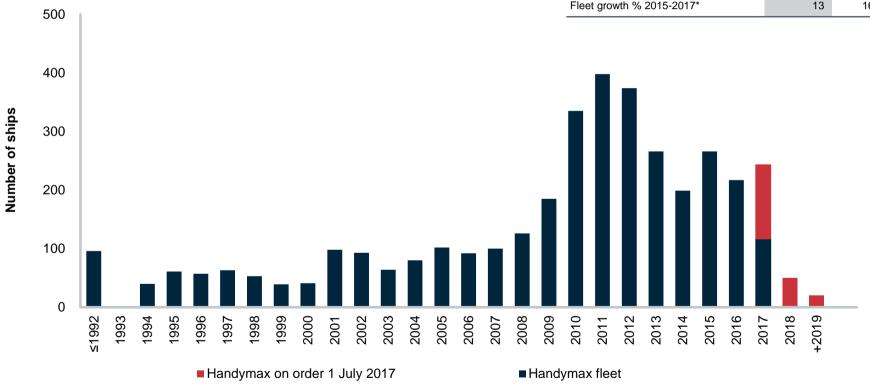


^{*} Fleet growth is from 1 January 2015 until 1 July 2017 Source: Clarksons Research Services, July 2017



HANDYMAX BULK CARRIERS (40 – 64 999 dwt tonnes)

	No of ships	Mdwt
Fleet (1 Jul 2017)	3 520	193.7
Total order book (1 Jul 2017)	196	11.9
Order book % of fleet	6	6
% of fleet over 25 years	3	2
Fleet growth % 2015-2017*	13	16

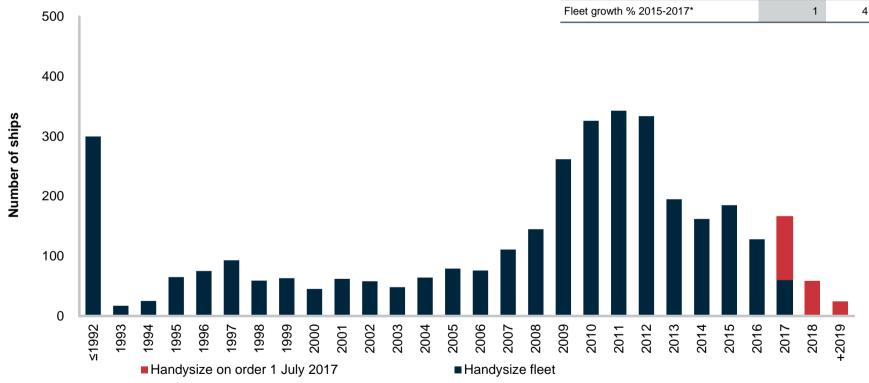


^{*} Fleet growth is from 1 January 2015 until 1 July 2017 Source: Clarksons Research Services, July 2017



HANDYSIZE BULK CARRIERS (10 - 39 999 dwt tonnes)

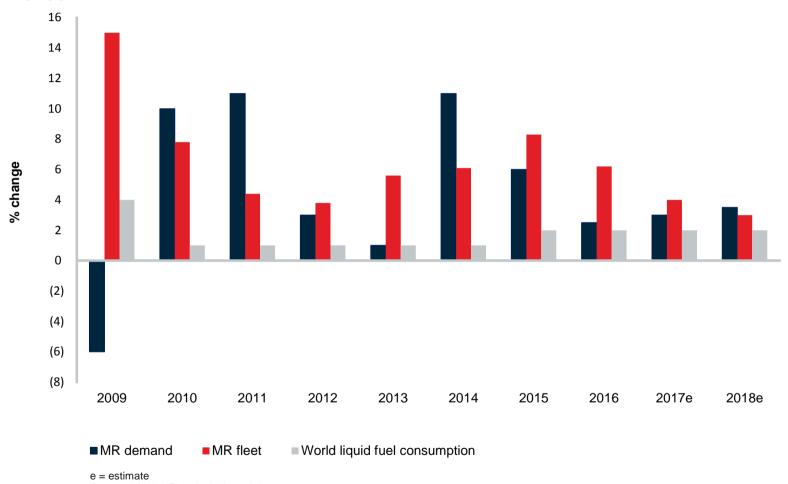
	No of ships	Mdwt
Fleet (1 Jul 2017)	3 344	95.3
Total order book (1 Jul 2017)	188	6.6
Order book % of fleet	6	7
% of fleet over 25 years	8	6
Fleet growth % 2015-2017*	1	4



^{*} Fleet growth is from 1 January 2015 until 1 July 2017 Source: Clarksons Research Services, July 2017



PRODUCT TANKER DEMAND

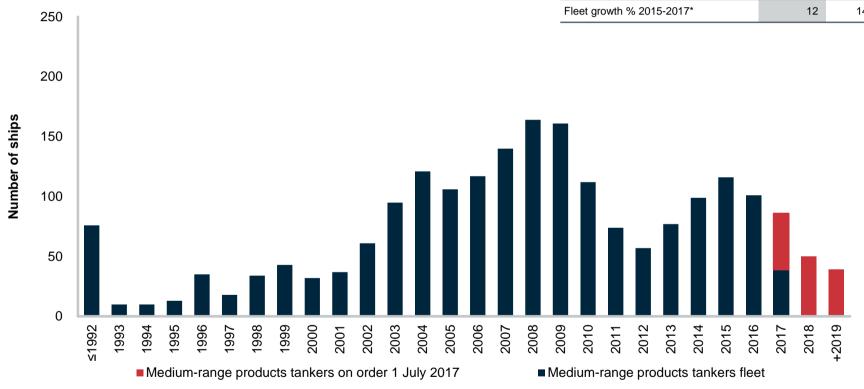


Source: Affinity (Shipping) Limited, June 2017



MEDIUM-RANGE PRODUCTS TANKERS (25 – 54 999 dwt tonnes)

	No of ships	Mdwt
Fleet (1 Jul 2017)	1 940	87.5
Total order book (1 Jul 2017)	136	6.5
Order book % of fleet	7	7
% of fleet over 25 years	4	3
Fleet growth % 2015-2017*	12	14

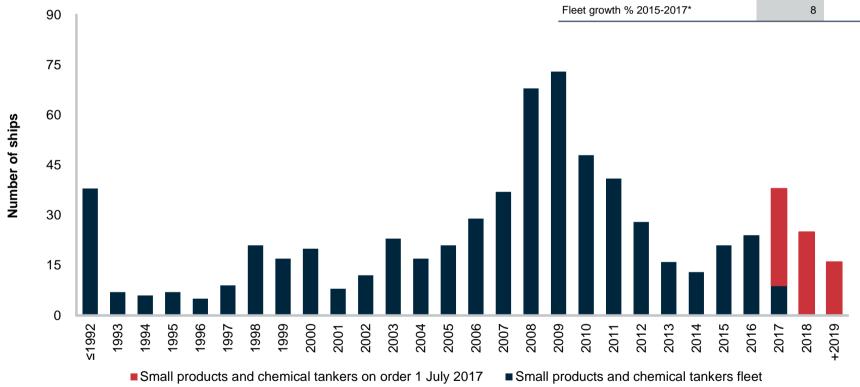


^{*} Fleet growth is from 1 January 2015 until 1 July 2017 Source: Clarksons Research Services, July 2017



SMALL PRODUCTS AND CHEMICAL TANKERS (15 – 19 999 dwt tonnes)

	No of ships	Mdwt
Fleet (1 Jul 2017)	616	11.2
Total order book (1 Jul 2017)	70	1.3
Order book % of fleet	11	11
% of fleet over 25 years	6	6
Fleet growth % 2015-2017*	8	8



^{*} Fleet growth is from 1 January 2015 until 1 July 2017 Source: Clarksons Research Services, July 2017



ANNEXURES **SCRAPPING**

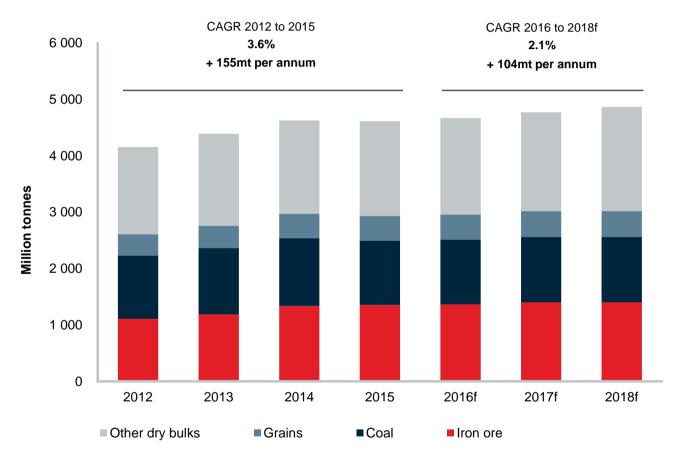
dwt 000	Handysize bulker	Handymax bulker	Panamax bulker	Capesize bulker	Handy* products tanker	Handy* chemical tanker	Total	All other types	Total scrapping
2010	2 700	400	700	2 700	3 200	1 400	11 100	16 900	28 000
2011	5 300	2 200	5 200	10 500	1 400	700	25 300	17 400	42 700
2012	8 300	4 700	8 700	11 700	1 400	600	35 400	23 200	58 600
2013	6 700	3 500	5 000	8 100	1 500	200	25 000	22 000	47 000
2014	4 200	3 100	4 800	4 200	1 300	200	17 800	16 300	34 100
2015	5 200	3 100	6 800	15 400	1 300	200	32 000	6 900	38 900
2016	3 200	4 200	8 200	13 300	810	350	30 060	14 340	44 400
2017	1 100	1 900	1 600	3 700	318	95	8 713	8 887	17 600

^{*} Handy tankers cover 10 000 – 60 000 dwt range Source: Clarkson Research (Shipping Intelligence Weekly and Shipping Intelligence Network, 27 July 2017)



ANNEXURES DRY-BULK SEABORNE TRADE

GLOBAL SEABORNE TRADE GROWTH



Global seaborne trade expanded rapidly from 2012 to 2015, adding over 155 million tonnes of new cargo every year on average

Over the next few years growth will be slower at around 104 million tonnes of new cargo on average per year

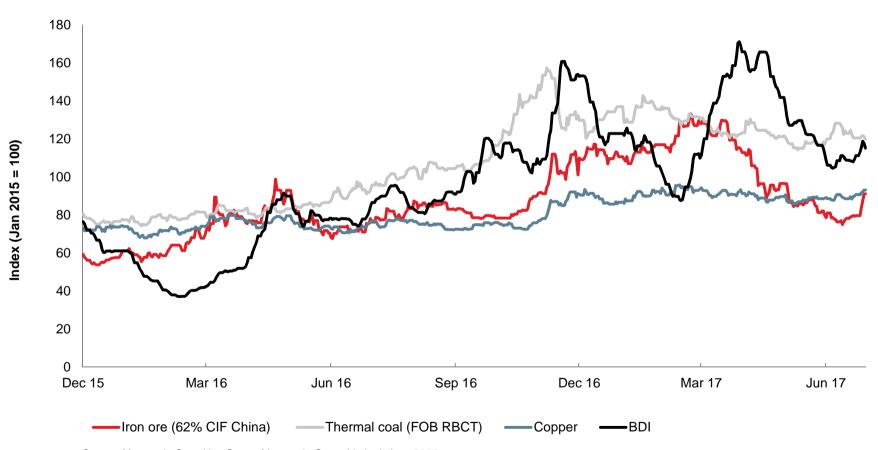
The pace of growth will pick up gradually from 2016 onwards

f = forecast

CAGR = compound annual growth rate
Source: Thomson Reuters, Hartland Shipping Services Limited, February 2017



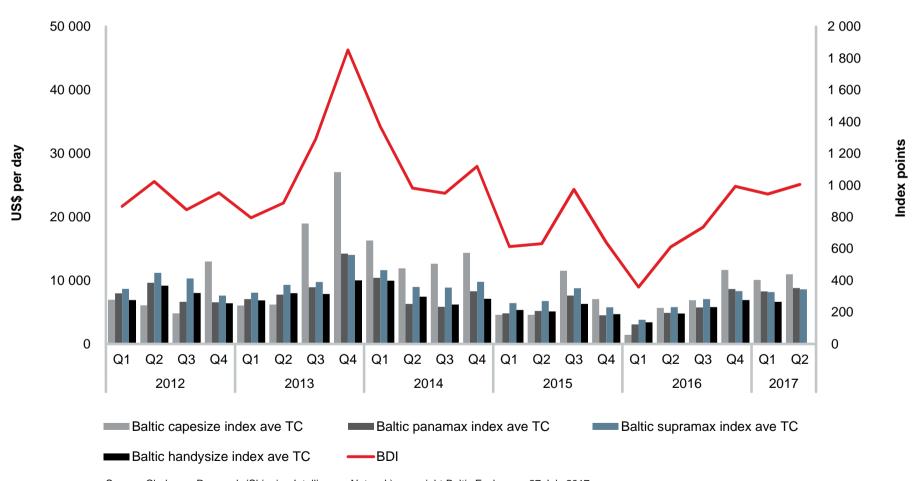
ANNEXURES 2015-2017 SHIPPING AND COMMODITY PRICE PERFORMANCE



Source: Macquarie Securities Group, Macquarie Group Limited, June 2017



ANNEXURES DRY-BULK DAILY SPOT RATES (BALTIC INDICES)



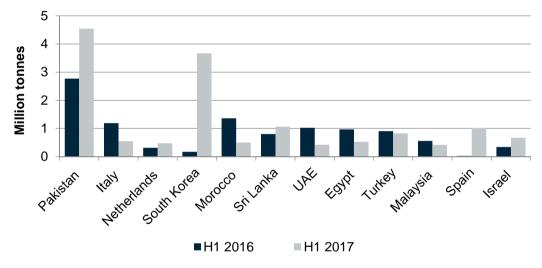
Source: Clarksons Research (Shipping Intelligence Network), copyright Baltic Exchange, 27 July 2017



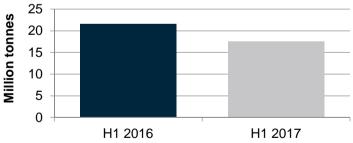
ANNEXURES SOUTH AFRICAN COAL EXPORTS

Major SA coal destinations

(excluding India)



SA coal exports to India



Source: Afriforesight Commodities, 27 July 2017



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Statements contained throughout this presentation regarding the prospects of the group have not been reviewed or reported on by the group's external auditors.

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- (i) some information on the information sources' databases is derived from estimates or subjective judgements;
- (ii) the information in the databases of other maritime data-collection agencies may differ from the information in the information sources' databases:
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GRINDROD LIMITED

FINANCIAL + FREIGHT + SHIPPING